Fourth Semester 5 Years B.B.A. LL.B. (Hon's.) Examination, June/July 2015 FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Duration: 2½ Hours Max. Marks: 70

Instructions: 1. Answer any 8 and any five of the remaining questions.

- 2. Q. No. 8 carries 20 marks and the **remaining** questions carry 10 marks each.
- 3. Answers should be written in **English**.
- 4. Use simple calculator.
- Q. No. 1. Following is the capital structure of Sun Ltd. Marks: 4×10=40
 - 1) Equity Shares 1000 of Rs. 100 each market price Rs. 150 each, ke = 12%.
 - 2) Debentures 10000 of Rs. 100 each market price Rs. 120 each kd (After tax) = 11%.

You are required to determine WACC using:

- a) Book value as weights and total cost.
- b) Market value as weights and total cost.
- Q. No. 2. What is Dividend Policy? State the various factors affect the dividend policy.
- Q. No. 3. From the following information estimate the amount of working capital by taking 360 days in a year.

Sales 80000 units at Rs. 20 per unit Material cost Rs. 10 per unit Labour cost Rs. 5 per unit Overheads Rs. 3 per unit

Customers are given 45 days credit and 60 days credit is taken from suppliers. Raw materials for 30 days and finished goods for 15 days are kept in stock, production cycle 24 days. A cash balance equal to one third of average of other working capital is kept for contingencies.



- Q. No. 4. Explain the different types of mergers and acquisitions with examples.
- Q. No. 5. You are a Financial Analyst for the little company. The director of capital has asked you to analyze two proposed capital investments Project X and Project Y. Each project has a cost of Rs. 10,000 and the cost of capital for each project is 10%. The project expected net cash flows are as follows:

| Year | Project X | Project Y |
|------|-----------|-----------|
| 1 | 6500 | 3500 |
| 2 | 3000 | 3500 |
| 3 | 3000 | 3500 |
| 4 | 1000 | 3500 |

Calculate each project's pay back period, net present value and profitability index.

Q. No. 6. X company is acquiring Y company. X company will pay 0.5 of its shares to the shareholders of Y company for each share hold by them. The data for the two companies are given below.

| | X Co. | Y Co. |
|-----------------------------|-------|-------|
| Profit after tax (Rs. lakh) | 150 | 30 |
| Number of shares (lakhs) | 25 | 8 |
| EPS (Rs.) | 6.00 | 3.75 |
| MPS (Rs.) | 78.00 | 33.75 |
| P.E. Ratio | 13 | 9 |

Calculate:

- 1) Combined firm EPS.
- 2) Combined firm P.E. Ratio.
- 3) MPS.

Q. No. 7. Write a short note on **any two** of the following: Marks: 2×5=10

- a) Capital structure.
- b) Working Capital Management.
- c) Functions of Financial Management.
- Q. No. 8. Solve **any two** of the following problems: Marks: 2×10=20
 - a) From the following data, state which project is better?

| Project | Α | В |
|------------|---------|---------|
| Cash flows | | |
| Year | | |
| 0 | -25,000 | -25,000 |
| 1 | 10,000 | 12,500 |
| 2 | 10,000 | 15,000 |
| 3 | 5,000 | 7,500 |

The discount rate of project A is 12% and B is 15% respectively.

- b) The following information is available in respect of A Ltd.
 - a) Stock holding: Raw material 1 monthWIP 15 days.

Finished goods – 1 month

- b) Average collection period 2 months.
- c) Time lag in payment of bills 45 days

Calculate:

- a) Operating Cycle
- b) Cash Cycle
- c) No. of operating cycles in a year.
- c) Ten years 10% debentures of a company are sold at the rate of Rs. 90. The face value of debentures is Rs. 100. Tax rate is 40%. Find the cost of debt.
